



Multi-7iered System of Support (M7SS) Manual

The mission of West Mifflin Area School District — in partnership with families and community — is to establish a challenging and safe learning environment, where all students will attain the quality education and life experiences to become responsible life-long learners and contributing members of an ever-changing global society.

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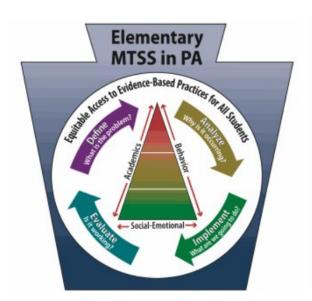
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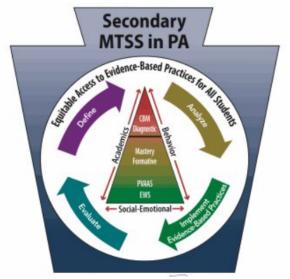
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Pennsylvania's Multi-Tiered System of Support (MTSS) is a standards-aligned, comprehensive school improvement framework for enhancing academic, behavioral, and social-emotional outcomes for all students. Cross-disciplinary teams represented at the district, school, grade, and individual levels use a problem-solving process to integrate evidence-based academic, behavioral, and social-emotional practices matched to student needs and with fidelity of implementation. MTSS enables early identification and intervention for students at risk for academic and/or behavioral difficulties. The MTSS process includes multiple tiers of support that enable educators to improve student achievement using research-validated interventions that closely align with the instructional needs and level of the individual student.





Tiered Systems

The largest tier forms the base of the support model and establishes best practices that will have the largest effect on the greatest number of people, with a minimal per-person resource requirement. The middle tier(s) offers additional support and services to those who need more assistance to reach program goals, and requires the allocation of moderate resources. The highest tier(s) offers intense support and services to those few who need significant assistance to reach program goals, and requires the greatest allocation of resources per person.

Tier 1: Core Instruction and Universal Systems

Tier 2: Targeted Intervention

Tier 3: Intense and Individualized Intervention

Primary Implementation Logistics K-5 (for students performing below grade level)

<u>Level 1</u> – The district schedule includes protected intervention time during which each teacher facilitates intervention groups for his or her own students in the classroom.

<u>Level 2</u> – The district schedule includes protected intervention time during which teachers share students across their grade level in order to facilitate more unique intervention groups than they could each facilitate alone.

<u>Level 3</u> – The district schedule includes protected intervention time during which teachers share students across their grade level and across other grade levels as needed, in order to maximize the number of unique intervention groups available for student support.

Secondary Implementation Logistics 6-12 (for students performing below grade level)

<u>Level 1</u> – The district schedule includes frequent and consistent opportunities for students to receive on-going intervention before school, after school, as well as accessible credit recovery options. and

<u>Level 2</u> – The district schedule includes intervention courses for students who are performing significantly below grade level.

<u>Level 3</u> – The district schedule includes Flex Time multiple times a week during which all students receive instruction that supports growth on their learning continuum.

Tier 1: ALL Students (Core Curriculum) / Benchmark Instructional Level

All students receive Tier 1 instruction. Tier 1 instruction includes high quality, standards-aligned instruction in the core content areas. Classroom teachers implement evidence-based and culturally responsive practices, differentiate their instruction for both large and small groups, foster a positive school climate, and utilize positive behavioral supports. They utilize reliable and valid assessment practices and measures including universal screenings. Approximately 80% of the student population receives only Tier 1 instruction. While 100% of our students are Tier 1 students, typically 20% of students will need additional resources and support beyond the instruction that is provided in Tier 1.

Tier 1 GOAL: 100% of students pass benchmark assessments Tier 1 effective if approx. 80% are meeting benchmark assessments with only access to Core.

TIER 3

TIER 2

TIER 1

Tier 1

Tier 1 includes the core instruction and universal systems that serve as the foundation for behavior, academic, and social-emotional learning. Examples of high quality tier 1 practices include curriculum aligned to evidence-based instructional practices, culture and climate, explicit instructional practices.

evidence-based instructional practices, culture and climate, explicit instruction, and integration such as Positive Behavior Intervention and Supports (PBIS), Alternatives to Suspension, differentiation, and supplementary resources aligned to core instruction. Progress monitoring is essential to determine if the Tier 1 instruction and systems are effective.

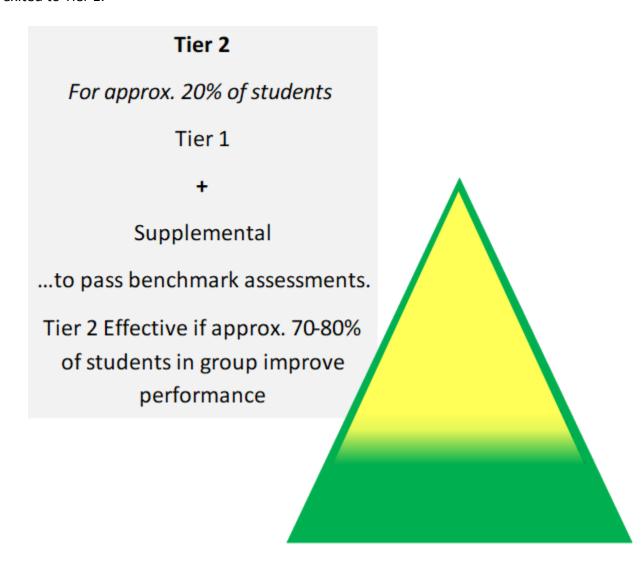
Differentiation

As unique individuals, students bring to school different strengths, prior knowledge and experiences, home languages, interests, cultures, and learning preferences. It is important to validate these differences and differentiate instruction by modifying content, process, and product in our planning. To ensure that every student grows, some students may need re-teaching opportunities, scaffolding, spiraling, or extra time to process new concepts. Some students may need curriculum compacting or enrichment opportunities such as an independent study project. Some students may need cultural and linguistic support to successfully access the curriculum. Building relationships with students and families, and analyzing data from universal screeners are best practices that help to determine the specific needs of each student, guiding instructional design and the formation of flexible groups.

It is important to consider the whole child, as academic, behavior, and social-emotional competencies together determine the learning trajectories of our students. Tier 1 core instruction and universal systems that address behavioral and social-emotional needs are an integral part of daily curriculum and instruction. School-wide behavior expectations, classroom behavior expectations, and social skills need to be explicitly taught, modeled, and practiced with students of all ages. Through the development of school cultures that embody safety, respect, and responsibility, we establish learning environments that support the social and academic success of all students.

Tier 2: SOME Students (Core Curriculum + Intervention) / Strategic Instructional Level

Students who do not demonstrate adequate progress and are at risk for academic and/or behavioral difficulties, although they are provided with high quality standards-aligned instruction, receive Tier 2 instruction in addition to Tier 1 instruction. Tier 2 instruction typically includes supplemental small group instruction. Classroom teachers provide strategic instruction, using skill-appropriate resources, that are aligned with a specific need in the regular education classroom. Classroom teachers need to monitor the progress of students receiving Tier 2 interventions more frequently, usually every two to three weeks depending on the skill area being measured. Approximately 15% of the student population receives Tier 2 interventions in addition to core instruction. Students who make acceptable progress in Tier 2 are exited to Tier 1.



Tier 2

For students who do not maximize their potentials with Tier 1 instruction, Tier 2 intervention plans that target specific needs are created. Tier 2 support is always *in addition* to Tier 1 support and is meant to supplement, not supplant, core instruction. Intervention is delivered in small group using evidence-based materials and resources, and may

TIER 2
TIER 1

occur in the classroom or outside of the classroom. Intervention may be delivered by the classroom teacher, specialist, counselor, administrator, or other staff member as appropriate. Some of the most effective intervention models involve student-sharing across a single or multiple grade levels in order to address a wider breadth of student needs.

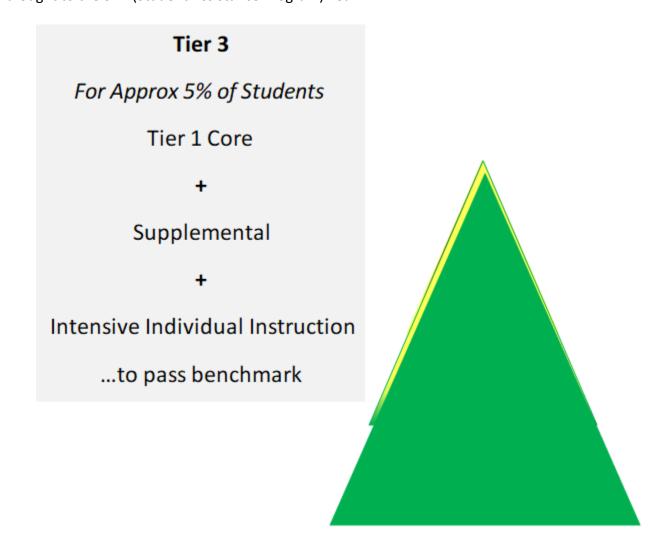
At the tier 2 level of support, authentic assessment data informs the target area of the intervention plan; classroom observations, discipline/behavior logs, student work samples, state-assessment results, curriculum-based measures (CBMs), cognitive ability assessments, and other formative and summative assessments help narrow the focus to the determine the most impactful goal(s) to set for the student. The intervention plan is implemented and progress monitoring data is collected regularly to inform appropriate changes to the plan to ensure the student is making adequate progress.

Tier 2 Key Features:

- 1. Data-Based Decision-Making
- 2. Intervention Plan Creation
- 3. Evidence-Based Intervention Delivery
- 4. Progress Monitoring

Tier 3: A FEW Students (Core Exposure + Replacement) / Intensive Instructional Level

Students who do not demonstrate significant progress within Tier 2 receive Tier 3 instruction in addition to Tier 1 instruction. The achievement levels of students receiving Tier 3 interventions often exist within the significantly below average range. Tier 3 instruction includes standard protocol interventions and evidence-based methodologies to develop specific skills. Teachers utilize very small flexible groups and grade-appropriate supplemental instructional materials to deliver very targeted instruction. Tier 3 instruction can occur outside the regular education classroom. Teachers need to monitor the progress of students receiving Tier 3 interventions weekly or biweekly, depending on the skill area being measured. Approximately 5% of the student population receives Tier 3 interventions in addition to core instruction. Students may repeat (or continue, if this is more relevant to the intervention design) the Tier 3 intervention cycle as determined by the Grade Level Data Analysis Team. Students who make acceptable progress in Tier 3 are returned to Tier 2 supports as determined by the Grade Level Data Analysis Team. Students failing to make acceptable progress at Tier 3 should be brought to the SAP (Student Assistance Program) Team.



Tier 3

Tier 3 supports are individualized and intense. This level of support is appropriate for students who do not make adequate progress with Tier 2 supports, and for students who are significantly above or below gradelevel in academic, behavioral, or social skills. It is not required that students receive Tier 2 supports before receiving Tier 3 supports; rather, intensity of support should always be aligned to intensity of need.



The key difference between Tier 2 and Tier 3 is intensity. Students receiving this level of support who are performing below grade-level receive intervention at a higher frequency and/or longer duration each week, in a smaller group size. For example, at Tier 2 a student may receive academic intervention 3 times a week for 20 minutes each session in a small group of six, and at Tier 3 a student may receive academic intervention 5 times a week for 30 minutes each session in a small group of three. It is important to note that frequency and duration will vary by target area, age, and developmental appropriateness.

Students receiving this level of support who are performing above grade-level or show a potential to learn above grade level may receive curriculum and instruction that greatly differs from that of their peers. For example, a student who has already demonstrated mastery of a specific concept may receive enrichment to push their thinking and mastery to higher levels (Tier 2). Students that are not making progress in Tier 3 must be referred to SAP. If intervention plan through SAP does not show progress as well then student can be referred for special eduction testing. Data must support the special education referral in order for a permission to evaluate be released to the parent. quire specific content at an advanced level and or an evaluation for ACE

Tier 3 Key Features:

- 1. Data-Based Decision-Making
- 2. Intervention Plan Creation
- 3. Evidence-Based Intervention Delivery
- 4. Progress Monitoring

Administration:

- Building-wide data (PSSA, PVAAS, screening data, discipline, attendance, etc.)
- School improvement plans
- Monitor implementation of non-negotiables/fidelity checks
- Identify and address school policies, systems, and practices
- Recommend changes to school policies, systems or practices to improve outcomes for all students
- Develop staff understanding about the cultures of our students and how to incorporate that understanding into classroom management and instruction

Coaches and Specialists:

- Support implementation of the district's curriculum
- Support implementation of MTSS
- Develop and monitor implementation of the literacy plan
- Contribute to creating and facilitating teacher-led PD opportunities for all faculty
- Support faculty with lesson planning, instruction, and assessment
- Identify struggling students and plan interventions

MTSS Core Team, SAP Team and Teaching Team:

- To assign evidence-based academic and behavioral methodologies and practices designed for INDIVIDUAL students who are not responding adequately to small group/Tier 2 intervention(s) and are at risk academically and/or behaviorally
- Focused on mobilizing intensive supports and services and monitoring response to instruction and intervention through frequent progress monitoring
- Problem-solve individualized intervention(s) based upon student data
- Record baseline, set goal, set exit criteria, monitor progress monitoring data
- Recommend adjustments/ modifications for instruction
- Communicate with parents and teachers regarding student progress
- Determine whether further testing needs to occur

- Benchmark Assessment Schedule Beginning of the Year (October), Middle of the Year (January), and End of the Year (May). General Education and Special Education teachers should administer these assessments during the specified testing windows. Specialists and Coaches will help with administration when available.
- Data to be used for review:
 - Elementary K-5:

ELA: Acadience Reading, Phonological Awareness Screener for Intervention (PASI), Phonics Screener for Intervention (PSI), OnHands (grade 3)

Math: Acadience Math (K-2), HMH Growth Measure, Spring Math (3-5), OnHands (grade 3)

Data Forms:

Elementary Tier 1 Screening and Intervention Form (SIRF):

- Analyze data to adjust Tier 1 instruction. Set Goals for Tier 1, plan for implementation.
- Students identified who need Tier 2 supports (use <u>SIRF form</u>). Tier II Intervention:
 - If a student is in need of Tier II Intervention, the classroom teacher will provide Tier II Intervention and document data and progress.
 - The classroom teacher will make contact with the parent/guardian to inform them of the student's progress and intervention plan.
 - The classroom teacher will review data and progress after approximately a duration of a 6 8 week period and determine if a student is in need of a different Tier I intervention or is in need of a Tier II intervention.
- Students identified who need Tier 3 supports (use <u>SIRF form</u>). Consultation and Implementation of Tier III:
 - As determined by the meeting between the teacher and the intervention specialists, the Tier III intervention plan will be implemented by the Intervention Specialist.
 - The classroom teacher will make contact with the parent/guardian to inform them of the student's progress and intervention plan.
 - The Intervention Specialist will collect Tier III data and progress while

Data Review Meetings

• Tier 2 and Tier 3 data is reviewed by MTSS Core Team to check progress and see if students meet exit criteria or need less intense/more intense support.

Collaboration with Parent/Guardian

• The classroom teacher informs the parent/guardian of the specific concern(s) regarding the student and explains the SAP process.

• Referral Process to Student Assistance Program (SAP) SAP Form

 The classroom teacher will complete the SAP referral and gather all data and documents. The packet will be submitted to the guidance counselor to be scheduled for discussion in the next available SAP meeting.

• SAP Team Meeting- Packet

- During the SAP meeting, the team reviews all data collected, including the concerns identified by the teacher and the interventions that have already been implemented.
- The SAP Team will recommend one or more of the following actions:
 - team meeting with the classroom teacher
 - team meeting with the classroom teacher and parent/guardian
 - new strategies / interventions to be implemented
 - referral to building staff members or outside resources
 - referral for further evaluation

The SAP Team may identify specific instructional strategies that may be helpful for the student. The classroom teacher selects one or two strategies that (s)he is comfortable implementing in the classroom.

The SAP Team develops an intervention plan based on the strategies selected by the classroom teacher and identifies the time frame during which the intervention plan will be implemented. The classroom teacher and Intervention Specialist continues to observe, work with, and monitor the student's progress. The SAP Team modifies the intervention plan as needed.

Contact with Parents/Guardians following the SAP Meeting

A. The classroom teacher contacts the parent/guardian to discuss the intervention plan determined during the SAP Team Meeting. They invite the parent/guardian to participate a meeting to discuss the assessment of the strategies that have been implemented with the student and document their meetings in PowerSchool. The SAP process will continue regardless of whether the parent/guardian is able to participate. The classroom teacher discusses with the parent/guardian all future actions, which may include the continuation of interventions and implementation of new interventions, or failure to meet skilled interventions without growth supports a referral for testing for special education services eligibility. The SAP Team will submit the completed packet to the building level SAP team leader.

- Beginning of the Year (October), Middle of the Year (January), and End of the Year (May)
 Universal Screening Review Data Meetings.
 - Data to be used for review:
 - 6-8: OnHands Reading and Math, Science Benchmark, ALEKS, CDT
 - 9-12: ALEKS, CDT, Keystones
 - Data Review SIRF Forms (SIRF Form)
 - Examine Tier 1 data to determine needed grade wide support for attendance and/ or discipline.
 - Students identified who need Tier 2 supports
 - Students identified who need Tier 3 supports
 - Classroom teacher and team identify the appropriate intervention(s) for the student and the resources that are required to implement the intervention(s). The classroom teacher then implements the intervention(s) with the student groups and/or student and documents the success of the intervention using the Intervention Plan Form linked

• Data Review Meetings

a. Tier 2 and Tier 3 data is reviewed to check progress and see if students meet exit criteria or need less intense/more intense support.

Concerns About Individual Students

- a. If a classroom teacher identifies one or more concerns regarding an individual student, counselor sends **SAP Teacher Input Form**
- b. During the SAP meeting, the team reviews all data collected, including the concerns identified by the teacher and the interventions that have already been implemented.
- c. The SAP Team will recommend one or more of the following actions:
 - team meeting with the classroom teacher
 - team meeting with the classroom teacher and parent/guardian*
 - new strategies / interventions to be implemented
 - referral to building staff members or outside resources
 - referral for further evaluation. The SAPTeam will submit the completed packet to the District Psychologist.

Behavior Interventions

Behavior interventions are most effective when delivered in an instructional format, like academic interventions. Research conducted over the past decade clearly shows that the most popular responses to school-based behavior have not had the intended result of improved behavior. In fact, the opposite is often true—punitive responses often result in decreased behavior competency. The best results occur when Tier 1 behavior systems are strong and directly taught throughout the year and students who need more intensive support have access to direct, explicit behavior interventions at Tier 2 and Tier 3.

Benefits of Check In/Check Out (CICO)

- Provides non-contingent positive adult contact
- Addresses events or situations that occur outside of school (setting events)
- Supports positive adult/student relationships
- Embeds social skills training and implementation into the school day
- Links to school-wide behavior goals and expectations (Respectful, Responsible, Ready to Learn)
- Encourages goal-setting with regular feedback
- Encourages and reinforces student reflection and self-monitoring

CICO has shown a decrease in problem behaviors, discipline referrals, and referrals for special education when used with fidelity. CICO is most effective when Tier 1 positive behavior systems and practices are well-established and fully implemented within the school and classroom.

Check-In Check-Out Daily Routine

- 1. Student checks in with designated CICO staff member each morning to review goals and set positive tone for the day. It's important to have consistent mentor and check in location.
- 2. CICO mentor inquires about the student's previous evening and morning.
- 3. Student and staff review expectations and set a goal together.
- 4. Staff ensures student has necessary items, (including DBRC) for a successful day.
- 5. At end of day, student checks out with CICO mentor.
- Student talks about the day and shares a high/low.
- 7. Staff collects/reviews DBRC and discusses strategies for improvement.
- 8. Staff ensures student has necessary items for homework.

Daily Behavior Report Card (DBRC) Overview

A Daily Behavior Report Card can be designed as a Tier 3 or Tier 2 intervention. At Tier 3, goals and behavior scales are individualized to each student. At Tier 2, goals and behavior scales are standardized to match school-wide expectations. Students needing Tier 2 supports can use a standardized DBRC making it efficient, inexpensive, and time-effective. Use of a DBRC is appropriate for students in Pre-K through high school who:

- Have been unresponsive to Tier I strategies and systems
- Do not require more immediate individualized interventions
- Exhibit problem behaviors across multiple settings or contexts

DBRC also provides built-in systems for:

- Monitoring student progress
- Evaluating fidelity of implementation
- Transitioning to self-management
- Communicating with parents/guardians

Benefits of Daily Behavior Report Card

- Links to school-wide behavior goals and expectations (Respectful, Responsible, Ready to Learn)
- Provides frequent student feedback
- Includes daily progress monitoring data
- Embeds social skills training and implementation throughout the day
- Supports regular home-school communication
- Encourages and reinforces student improvement and self-monitoring
- Provides framework for goal setting and CICO conversations

DBRCs has shown a decrease in problem behaviors, discipline referrals, and referrals for special education evaluation. DBRCs are most effective when Tier 1 positive behavior systems and practices are well-established and fully implemented within the school and classroom.

Daily Behavior Report Card (DBRC) Daily Routine

- 1. Student receives DBRC each morning from designated staff member (usually CICO mentor), reviews strategies, and sets goal for the day.
- 2. Teachers provide specific behavior feedback at designated times throughout the day.
- 3. Teachers mark numerical rating corresponding with each student's behavior.
- 4. At the end of the day, student checks out with staff member, reviews DBRC data and goals.
- 5. Points are tallied, and reinforcement/reward provided based on behavior.
- 6. DBRC ratings are entered into progress monitoring system for analysis and documentation.
- 7. Student takes DBRC home for parent signature and positive feedback.

MTSS Behavior Intervention Matrix

	Tier 1	Tier 2		Tier 3	
	Instructional Practices/PBIS Strategies	Interventions	Progress Monitoring	Interventions	Progress Monitoring
	 School-wide expectations Classroom expectations (no more 	Check in/Check Out	c to	Check in/Check Out	Ç
	than 5)	 Mentor may see up to 10 students 	collected	 Mentor may see up to 5 students 	collected
		Standardized DBRC	daily	Individualized	daily
	 Developmentally appropriate 	 Standardized CICO 	during	DBRC	during
	 Classroom procedures and routines, directly taught, modeled, practiced, 		period of	Individualized CICO	period of
	and reviewed	ıction	day.		the day.
8	 St. Fatio of acknowledgements to corrections 	Weekly lessonsGroups of <10	data every	Social Skills	data every
;-)	 Opportunity for movement 		4-6	Instruction	2-3 weeks.
H	Periodic brain breaks		weeks.	 Daily lessons 	
ιλ	 Opportunities for purposeful peer talk 	Daily Behavior Report		 Groups of <5 	
БÌ	Think, pair, share Shoulder norther	Card (DBRC)			
uŧ		Based on school-		Daily Behavior Benort	
϶u	Active Monitoring	wide expectations		Card (DBRC)	
IÐ	Behavior Narration	 Includes feedback 		 Individualized 	
B	 Think aloud problem-solving 			 Based on behavior 	
	 Fluid Redirection 			function	
	 Positive Reinforcement 			 Includes feedback I 	
	 Brief Redirection 				
	 Offering choices 				
	 Opportunities to respond 				
	 Opportunities to redo 				

Daily Behavior Report Card

Student Nam	Student Name: Date leacher: Grade Date									
Expectations		3			2			1		
Safe	Stays in assiç Respects per Uses materia	sonal space	ely	Remains in classing assigned area Behavior infring Misuse of mate equipment	jing on others	s' work space	permissio Is physicall in unsafe	signated area n y aggressive behavior tow luding mater	or engages vards self or	
Respectful	Uses appropriand languag	е		Uses negative I yells Makes disruptive turn			Uses profanity, makes threats or bullying behaviors Frequently talks over others			
Responsible	Brings neces personal iter Participates i and focuses consistently	ns	Is and Does not bring materials or other personal items activities Participates in classroom activities or				Refuses to bring/use materials, vandalism, theft Refuses to participate or attempt to work			
			1							
Class Periods	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Points	
Safe										
Respectful										
Responsible										
Point Totals:										
Things I did w	ell:		Somethi	ng to work on:		What	reinforceme	nt I'm working	g towards:	
Student Sig	nature		_ Staff	Signature		Pare	nt Signatu	re		

Daily Behavior Report Card

MTSS Social & Emotional Tracker

Student Name:	

Day of the		Greeting Time	Circle Time AM	Centers	Small Group Time	Gross Motor	Transitions		Circle Time PM		
Week							E				
Monday Date				Bosonsonionnosi Bosonsonicitansi							
Tuesday Date											
Wednesday Date											
Thursday Date											
Friday Date											
Te	eacher Use	Only			MTSS Team Re	flections:					
		Developed			What can I do	o to prevent t	he behavior	ŝ			
		Still Develo									
		Needs Imp	rovement 1				What strategies am I using? What can I do if the behavior occurs? What new skills can I teach?				

Tier 2 MTSS Daily Behavior Report Card Feedback Examples

Helpful tip: Positive intent is seeing the best in others and creating teachable moments through conflict. We have a choice to see the best or worst. Positive intent increases trust & safety.

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DBRC Feedb	ack Examples
Developed Teacher enthusiastically gives immediate, brief, specific, positive feedback	"You did it! You so That was helpful!"
Still Developing Teacher gives positive and brief corrective feedback that acknowledges the positive intent of the student's behavior:	You did it! You so That was helpful! You wanted so you You didn't know what else to do. Next time That will help keep our classroom safe."
Needs Improvement Teacher gives brief corrective feedback that acknowledges the positive intent of the student's behavior	"You wantedso you You didn't know what else to do. That was hard. Next time That will help keep our classroom safe. You can do it! You got this!"

Date: _____

1 = Not ok

Hurt others

Daily Behavior Report Card

Student:

		Goal	l: Keep han	ds, feet, an	d objects t	o self.		
Morning	Reading	Shared	Stations	Math	Specials	Math	Science/	Wrap
Routine	Writing	Reading		Group		Table	SS	Up
	Table	E S	5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5	1 0 0 2 0 0 3 3 1 1 4 0 0 0 5 0 0 0 0	PE Art Music			

2 = Getting there

Touched others but

did not hurt anyone

3 = Good!

Moved around but did

not touch others

Student Signature _____ Staff Signature _____ Parent Signature_____

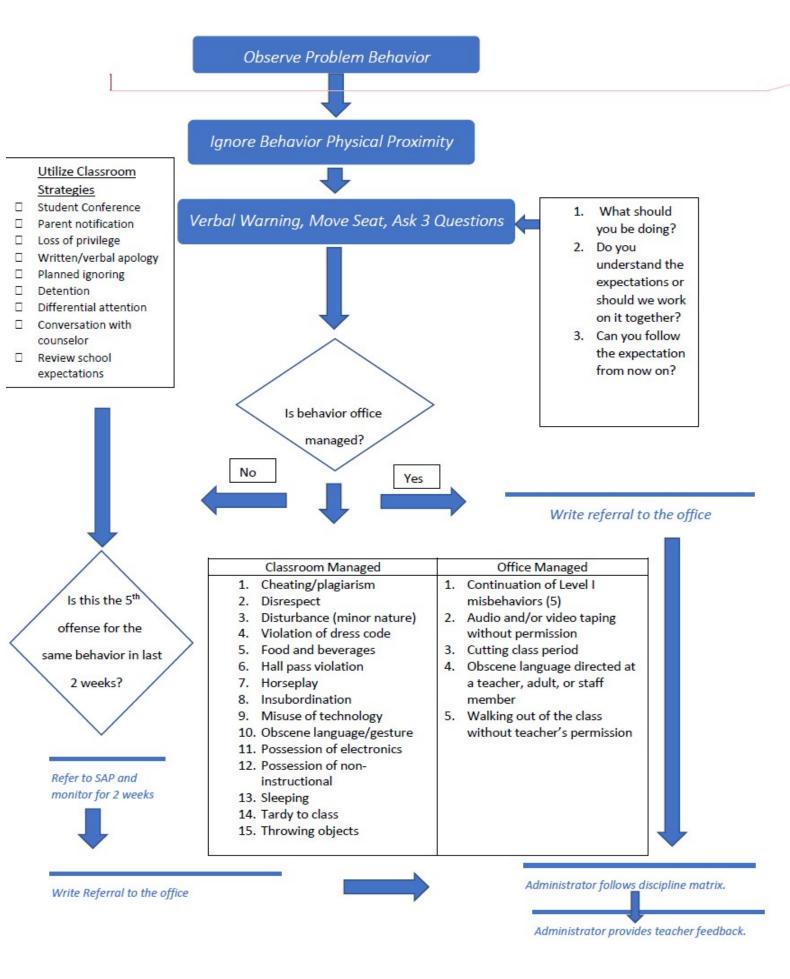
4= Excellent!

Kept hands, feet and

objects to self

Daily Behavior Report Card

Student N	lame:				Gra	ade:		Da	ate:		_	
	Behavior		1			2	3		4		5	
(loud talki around, to	ork by being on ng, noises, wouching other materials, left)	valking rs,	Student destr materials o leaves classroom	around, talks loudly, or makes noises during		work for 10 work a minutes then reque takes 5-minute break/he break in teacher		ent attempts ork and equests cher when eeded.	Student w consistent tasks	tly on		
Classes	Advisory	Math	History	Sc	ience	PE	English	В	and	Computer	Total	_
Score												
			1	•		,					Daily Average:	
Things I o	did well:		Some	thing	to work	on:		What towar		ement I'm wor	king	
Stude	ent Signatu	re	Sta	aff S	ignatu	re		Pare	nt Sig	nature		



West Mifflin Middle School POSITIVE BEHAVIOR SUPPORT STUDENT BEHAVIOR EXPECTATIONS MATRIX

With PRIDE I'll	Universal Expectations	Hallways	Classroom	Bus∕Van	Bathroom	Gym
Participate	Be part of group discussions and activities. Know the rules of the school and follow without being asked.	Soing only where I heed to go I Have only the materials I need	Have materials ready Complete assignments	Quietly use my game or music Use appropriate language when halking with others on the bus	Use good hygiene	Engage in assigned activity Wear appropriate footwear Sit quietly in designated area while receiving directions
Show Responsibility	Keep hands, feet, and objects to self Listen to and follow all adults' directions during a crisis.	Walk in hallways Keep right gnore negative pehaviors Be aware of surroundings when at my locker.	Keep 4 on the floor (chairs) Ignore negative behaviors Keep hands and feet to myself Stay in assigned larea	belongings on the	Only enter bathroom with permission by adult Report paper on floor or graffiti	Use equipment appropriately Wait for instructions Wear appropriate footwear/clothes
Show Integrity	language/ volume with adults and peers	Plean up a round my locker Listen to all adults Maintain personal space	Raise hand & wait my turn Keep my space neat. Accept adult's decisions	1	Leave bathroom clean Get in, get done, get going.	Show good sportsmanship
Show Dedication	Stay in designated areas Use each opportunity to work on assignments.	Keep Moving Be on time to destination	Stay on task Use time appropriately Try my best	Only Exit at my designated stop Sit in my assigned seat	Use bathroom for intended use	Try my hardest
Show Empathy	Accept individual differences Give positive greetings Share concerns with adults	Speak politely and quietly Be aware of classes	Use kind words Listen as others speak Listen to all adults	Support Others	When someone needs bathroom supplies assist them When someone feels sick find an adult/nurse	Support peers

With PRIDE I'll	Outside	Cafeteria	Nurse	Scanning	Morning Routine/Homeroom	Woodshop/Specialty Areas
Participate	Engage in outside activity (unless it is free time) Climb only on appropriate equipment	Know my seat	Take my medication while in the nurse's office Go to the nurse's office with permission	Walk into the building Enter the building with a voice volume level 1	Walk into the building, in the hallways and in classrooms Complete morning routines	Complete given task (work the whole time) Use materials respectfully
Show Responsibility	Keep hands and feet to self Stay in assigned area Stay out of parking lot (unless directed otherwise)	Wait for my turn	Let the nurses know why I am there. Move out of the way of other people.	Keep hands, feet and belongings to myself Do not bring noted items to school Step carefully through the scanner	Follow appropriate voice volumes for given areas Listen for adults' directions	Use tools appropriately Use only the materials I have permission to use
Show Integrity	Use appropriate language	Use voice volume 1 or 2 Be polite Keep hands to self Clean my area (throw trash in bins)	Mind your own business	Use a voice volume level 1 Keep my hands to my belongings only Turn off electronics before I enter the building	Go only where I have permission to go Report to homeroom before going anywhere else Keep my hands to myself	Follow directions given by adults Appropriate language and volume Hands and feet to self
Show Dedication	Clean up after myself	Remember food selection. Take only what I need	Place trash in the trash can Answer the nurse if asked a question	Wait in line for adults to cue you to move in to be scanned Place items on the table for adults to check Remove Hoodies, coats, and hats Empty pockets if asked	Organize my belongings	Clean area and move on Closed toe shoes must be worn
Show Empathy	Take care of equipment	Say `please' and `thank you' Be Friendly (no one sits alone)	Use polite words with the nurse	Listen for adults' directions Be polite to those around you.	Greet and respond to peers and adults	Allow other classes to continue without disruption Respect each other's spaces and projects

Path of the Titans 9-12 Behavior Response System

Inappropriate

Behavior

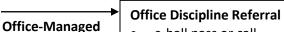
Occurs

START HERE

Encourage Appropriate Behavior and Build Relationships:

- Instruction of Behavior
- Specific Praise
- Preventative Prompts
- Individual Reinforcers
- Group Contingencies and Reinforcers

Classroom-Managed Behavior (minor)



Behavior (major)

- e-hall pass or call security for escort
- Submit Office-Managed log entry
- Title: Office Referral
- Administrator assesses, problem solves, and returns to academic instruction ASAP

Proximity

- Eye Contact
- Redirect/Verbal Warning
- Praise Appropriate Behavior in Others
- Reteach
- No Credit

Continue teaching, encouraging, and building relationships

Behavior Continues

- Seating Adjustment
- De-escalation Timeout
- Student Conference
- Loss of Privilege
- Detention
- Informal Inquiries w/ case manager, counselor, admin, teachers, nurse

If student behavior persists, submit Classroom Managed log entry.

Continue teaching, encouraging, and building relationships

Classroom-	Office-Managed
Managed	Behaviors
Behaviors	(major)
(minor)	
Dress Code	Arson
Dishonesty	Class Cut
Food/ Drinks/Gum	Alcohol/Tobacco/
	Drugs
Hallway Disruption	Directed Profanity
Language	Fighting
Missing Work	Insubordination
Off Task	Intimidation
Physical Contact	Internet/Technology
Display of Affection	Repeated Offenses
Property Misuse	Theft
Unprepared for	Threat
Class	
Excessive Talking	Tardy to School
Tardy to Class	Vandalism

Administrative Actions

- Reteach
- Parent contact
- Counselor referral
- Behavior contract
- Detention
- Social suspension
- ISR
- OSS
- Police referral
- Manifestation meeting
- AEDY
- Functional Behavior Assessment
- Titan Academy

Behavior Continues

Problem-solving meeting with:

- Family
- School Counselors
- IEP Team
- Student Assistance Team (SAP)

Behavior does not decrease in intensity and/or frequency

Weapons

Technology Misuse

Enlist the support of the administrator via Office Referral log entry.



8 THE PATH OF THE TITANS 9-12

	Hallway	Cafeteria	Assembly	Bathroom	Social Media
	*Use appropriate	*Use appropriate	*Focus on the	*Allow for one	* Choose kind
	language &	language &	presentation	another's privacy	words and be
	conversation	conversation	*Value the	* Value the	mindful of privacy
	volume level	volume level	school's and each	school's and each	*Value diversity
	* Value the	* Value the	other's space and	other's space and	in others
RESPECTFUL	school's and each	school's and each	property	property	
	other's space and	other's space and	*Interact		
	property	property	appropriately		
	*Keep one ear		with performers,		
	clear		presenters, and		
			others		
	*Go directly to	*Take your	*Go directly to	*Use the closest	*Consider the
	your destination	proper place in	your destination	bathroom	consequences
ACCOUNTABLE	*Follow adult	line	*Sit in your	*Go – Flush –	before you post,
ACCOONTABLE	directives the first	*Follow adult	designated area	Wash - Leave	text, or snap
	time	directives the first			
		time			
	*Leave it better	*Leave it better	*Show	*Leave it better	*Promote
	than you found it	than you found it	appropriate	than you found it	yourself and
		*Use table	gratitude to		others in a
PROUD		manners	performers or		positive manner
			presenters		
			*Celebrate		
			others' success		

Social Skills Instruction Overview

The ability of students to interact effectively with peers and adults is crucial to their development and success at school. Studies show a strong correlation between poor social skills and low academic achievement. Strengthening social skills usually results in improved academic outcomes.

Social Skills Instruction provides direct, explicit instruction to students experiencing behavior challenges at school. Lessons address communication, self-monitoring, problem-solving, and goal-setting and provide opportunities for students to discuss and practice strategies in a supportive environment. Addressing social skills throughout the school day "in the moment" is not sufficient for students experiencing challenging behaviors. Participating in a social skills class is appropriate for students who:

- Have been identified as "at risk" by a behavior screener,
- Have been unresponsive to Tier I strategies and systems,
- Exhibit problem behaviors across multiple settings or contexts,
- Benefit from direct instruction, hands-on activities, and opportunities to practice, and
- May be reluctant to participate in large group social lessons.

Benefits of Social Skills Instruction

- Links to school-wide behavior goals and expectations
- Is an effective, research-based behavior intervention
- Allows opportunities to practice strategies and build on existing skills
- Provides time to address issues and concerns that arise throughout the school year
- Encourages and reinforces student improvement and self-monitoring
- Includes students who may have problem behaviors that are not considered "disruptive."
- Allows flexibility to target specific skill deficits or student issues that arise.

Social Skills Instruction Key Points

- 1. Social skills lessons should be planned, focused, and scheduled within the school day.
- 2. Lessons should follow a standard lesson structure—warm up, direct instruction, practice, wrap up—with opportunities for extension activities.
- 3. Tier 2 lessons should occur at least weekly; Tier 3 lessons should occur daily.
- 4. Lessons should be at least 20 minutes for elementary students and at least 30 minutes for secondary students.
- 5. Students should be grouped based on behavior need.

Behavior Intervention Logistics and Fidelity Checks

Logistics

For any intervention to have the desired effect, it must be provided consistently and with fidelity. Because Tier 2 and Tier 3 behavior interventions are partially provided by staff other than the classroom teacher, ample planning and preparation is necessary before implementation. Consider the following Guiding Questions before beginning Tier 2 behavior interventions:

- How many students will be receiving Tier 2 supports?
- How many CICO mentors are needed?
- Is there time in the master schedule for delivery of Tier 2 supports?
- What qualities are important for staff who provide behavior interventions?
- Which staff members exhibit those qualities?
- When will staff receive training on behavior interventions?

There are multiple ways to provide all interventions. While the locations and time of day may look different from one school to another or from one grade level to another, it's important for each campus to think through the process and determine a structure that works for them. The table below gives examples of possible providers, times, and locations for the various essential behavior interventions.

Intervention	Possible Providers	Possible Time	Possible Locations	Other Considerations
Check in/ Check Out	Paraprofessional Counselor Interventionists Support Staff (librarian, etc.)	Upon arrival/at dismissal During morning routine/meeting/ breakfast 5 minutes before dismissal	Counselor's office Teacher's classroom Hallway station/ location Cafeteria Library Bus lane	CICO serves as am/pm duty assignments Plan for mentor absences No more than 8-10 students/mentor
Daily Behavior Report Card	CICO mentor	At Check in/ Check out	At Check in/ Check out	Provide DBRC and review at Check in/Check out Staff training of Feedback Loop required
Social Skills Instruction	Counselor Paraprofessional Interventionists Behavior Teacher	Lunch Advisory Flex Time Weekly Pull out	Counselor's office Conference room Behavior teacher classroom Library media room Unused classroom	Consider grouping by skill deficit or need May group by grade level/age

Fidelity Checks

To be effective, interventions must be provided with consistency and fidelity. Fidelity simply means delivering the intervention in the way it was designed. It is not reasonable to expect any intervention to work if it is delivered inconsistently or without all the necessary components.

The following checklists are provided to increase fidelity of implementation of the essential behavior interventions previously described. They should be used in the following ways:

- Referenced during staff training of behavior interventions
- Provided to all staff who deliver interventions to assist with implementation
- Used periodically by campus administration to spot check fidelity

Check in

- Occurs prior to the start of the school day
- Mentor asks about morning and previous evening
- □ Distribute new DBRC and review goals
- ☐ Review the skills and strategies needed to meet goals
- ☐ Check for supplies
- Send to first class with positive message

Check out

- □ Occurs at end of day
- ☐ Mentor asks how the day went
- □ Student turns in DBRC
- Mentor looks for missing data and scans scores
- Discuss skills used to earn high scores
- ☐ Discuss what choices led to low scores
- ☐ Check for supplies needed at home
- ☐ Send home with positive message
- Mentor records data in spreadsheet

DBRC Feedback

- Teacher requests form from student
- ☐ Teacher states behavior observed and records number using DBRC scale
- ☐ If behavior is less than the goal, teacher states the goal and behavior needed to achieve goal
- ☐ If behavior is at the goal, teacher provides positive acknowledgement
- ☐ Teacher speaks discreetly using an instructional tone